human rights, in the formation of the basis of basic way for future amendments and assist the articles would help pave the
ten amendments in the Constitution. The Bill of Rights is the first articles, the Constitution was created to reform the
tense between the states. As a result, the Constitution gave the national government
features and the people. However, the Articles of Confederation was the
main document that stated the rights

Introduction

Bill of Rights

The Declaration of Rights
The Constitution, James Madison declared, "is the "Father of the Constitution." It was designed to ensure that the United States would not go the way of the Roman Empire, where the Senate and the House of Representatives were meant to check and balance each other. Madison's vision was for a government that would protect the individual liberties of the people, as guaranteed in the Bill of Rights.

The Bill of Rights guarantees the people's right to Freedom of Speech, Press, and Religion. It also protects the people's Right to Bear Arms and ensures the right to a speedy trial. The Constitution, as written in support of the popular articles, was one of the most significant documents in American history. The Federales, led by Alexander Hamilton, supported this document, while the Anti-Federales, under Thomas Jefferson, opposed it. The Constitution was drafted in 1787 and was ratified in 1788.